**Qualifying Subgingival Calculus Removal**

In the large boxes to the left, enter the numbers of the teeth from within your Case Selection that you have selected for the Calculus Removal Exercise. These teeth should be listed in sequential order and indicate in the smaller adjacent box the surface on the tooth where the calculus is located that you have selected for removal (M = Mesial, F = Facial, D = Distal, L = Lingual). If more than one surface is selected on the same tooth, enter the tooth number each time a new surface is listed, example:

```
3 M then 3 D
```

The 12 selected surfaces of qualifying subgingival calculus must be distributed as follows:
- At least 8 of the 12 surfaces of qualifying subgingival calculus must be on posterior teeth (pre-molars and molars)
  - At least 5 of the 8 surfaces of qualifying subgingival calculus must be located on mesial or distal proximal surfaces and within 2mm of an adjacent tooth
  - At least 3 of the mesial or distal proximal surfaces must be on molars; one distal surface of a 2nd or 3rd terminal molar may be used
- The remaining 4 of these 12 surfaces are at the choice of the candidate

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**Circle Primary Quadrant:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tooth # &amp; Calc. Location</th>
<th>UR</th>
<th>UL</th>
<th>LR</th>
<th>LL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Posterior Teeth In Second Quadrant**

| #___________ | #_________ |

All information from this Case Selection Worksheet must be entered into the electronic grading system either by you online (at least 48 hrs before the start of your exam) or by the DSM at the exam site. If you enter your Case Selection online, you will confirm your entry with the DSM on the day of the exam, at which time changes can be made if necessary.
Tooth #

Probing Measurement Findings
COMPLETE AFTER FINISHING TREATMENT

- Two teeth (one anterior, one posterior) are assigned by examiners during pre-treatment evaluation
- After you complete treatment, measure and record in the appropriate boxes below the depth of each sulcus/pocket on the indicated surfaces to the nearest mm.

Qualifying Calculus Detection Findings:
COMPLETE BEFORE STARTING TREATMENT

For the teeth assigned below, indicate if qualifying calculus is present by placing an “X” in the box marked - “Yes” - present or - “No” - not present for each of the four surfaces on each tooth: Mesial, Distal, Facial, and Lingual.

Probing Measurement Findings
COMPLETE AFTER FINISHING TREATMENT